REGISTERED NUMBER: 03403977

FINISHES AND INTERIORS SECTOR LIMITED (LIMITED BY GUARANTEE)

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS AND

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

Prime
Chartered Accountants
Statutory Auditor
Corner Oak
1 Homer Road
Solihull
B91 3QG

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FINISHES AND INTERIORS SECTOR LIMITED (LIMITED BY GUARANTEE)

COMPANY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

DIRECTORS:

Andrew Smith

Jonathan Mark Riley

James Nania

Helen Julie Tapper (President)

Philip Brown
Alan Brown
William Hart
Richard Jones
Jonathan Cherry
Stuart Roberts
Lydia Sharples
Richard John Grimes

SECRETARY:

Jane Knight

REGISTERED OFFICE:

Unit 4

Olton Bridge

245 Warwick Road

Solihull B92 7AH

REGISTERED NUMBER:

03403977

AUDITORS:

Prime

Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditor Corner Oak

1 Homer Road Solihull B91 3QG

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2020.

EVENTS SINCE THE END OF THE YEAR

Information relating to events since the end of the year is given in the notes to the financial statements.

DIRECTORS

The directors shown below have held office during the whole of the period from 1 January 2020 to the date of this report.

Andrew Smith
Jonathan Mark Riley
James Nania
Helen Julie Tapper (President)
Philip Brown
Alan Brown
William Hart
Richard Jones
Jonathan Cherry
Stuart Roberts
Lydia Sharples
Richard John Grimes

Other changes in directors holding office are as follows:

Nigel Martin Morrey - resigned 24 July 2020

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Report of the Directors and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the surplus or deficit of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the company's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he or she ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself or herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

AUDITORS

The auditors, Prime, are deemed to be reappointed under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

Jane Knight - Secretary

Date: 7/7/2021...

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Finishes and Interiors Sector Limited (the 'company') for the year ended 31 December 2020 which comprise the Income Statement, Balance Sheet, Statement of Changes in Equity and Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2020 and of its deficit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
 and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information in the Report of the Directors, but does not include the financial statements and our Report of the Auditors thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Report of the Directors for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Report of the Directors has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Report of the Directors.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemption from the requirement to prepare a Strategic Report or in preparing the Report of the Directors.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page two, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue a Report of the Auditors that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

Our approach to identifying and assessing the risks of material misstatement in respect of irregularities, including fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations, was as follows:

- the engagement partner ensured that the engagement team collectively had the appropriate competence, capabilities and skills to identify or recognise non-compliance with applicable laws and regulations;
- we identified the laws and regulations applicable to the company through discussions with directors and other management, and from our commercial knowledge and experience of the industry sector;
- we focused on specific laws and regulations which we considered may have a direct material effect on the financial statements or the operations of the company, including the Companies Act 2006, taxation legislation and data protection, anti-bribery, employment, environmental and health and safety legislation;
- we assessed the extent of compliance with the laws and regulations identified above through making enquiries of management and inspecting legal correspondence;

We assessed the susceptibility of the company's financial statements to material misstatement, including obtaining an understanding of how fraud might occur, by:

- making enquiries of management as to where they considered there was susceptibility to fraud, their knowledge of actual, suspected and alleged fraud; and
- considering the internal controls in place to mitigate risks of fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations.

To address the risk of fraud through management bias and override of controls, we:

- performed analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships;
- tested journal entries to identify unusual transactions;
- assessed whether judgements and assumptions made in determining accounting estimates were indicative of potential bias; and
- investigated the rationale behind significant or unusual transactions.

In response to the risk of irregularities and non-compliance with laws and regulations, we designed procedures which included, but were not limited to:

- agreeing financial statement disclosures to underlying supporting documentation;
- enquiring of management as to actual and potential litigation and claims; and
- reviewing correspondence with HMRC and other relevant parties.

There are inherent limitations in our audit procedures described above. The more removed that laws and regulations are from financial transactions, the less likely it is that we would become aware of non-compliance. Auditing standards also limit the audit procedures required to identify non-compliance with laws and regulations to enquiry of the directors and other management and the inspection of regulatory and legal correspondence, if any.

Material misstatements that arise due to fraud can be harder to detect than those that arise from error as they may involve deliberate concealment or collusion.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Report of the Auditors.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in a Report of the Auditors and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Jeremy Kitson FCA (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Prime Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditor Corner Oak 1 Homer Road Solihull B91 3QG

Date:			
	Date:		

INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

Notes	2020 £	2019 £
TURNOVER	1,016,723	1,466,946
Administrative expenses	1,072,060	1,399,817
	(55,337)	67,129
Other operating income	43,790	2,360
OPERATING (DEFICIT)/SURPLUS 4	(11,547)	69,489
Interest receivable and similar income	227	280
(DEFICIT)/SURPLUS BEFORE TAXATION	(11,320)	69,769
Tax on (deficit)/surplus	(4,330)	53
(DEFICIT)/SURPLUS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	(6,990)	69,716

The notes form part of these financial statements

BALANCE SHEET 31 DECEMBER 2020

		2020		2019 £	£
	Notes	£	£	r.	L.
FIXED ASSETS Tangible assets	5		9,412		7,335
CURRENT ASSETS		00.075		381,653	
Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	6	93,075 711,211		476,427	
		804,286		858,080	
CREDITORS Amounts falling due within one year	7	267,266		311,993	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			537,020		546,087
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			546,432		553,422
RESERVES Income and expenditure account			546,432		553,422
			546,432		553,422

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

Helen Julie Tapper (President) - Director

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

	Retained earnings £	Total equity £
Balance at 1 January 2019	483,706	483,706
Changes in equity Total comprehensive income	69,716	69,716
Balance at 31 December 2019	553,422	553,422
Changes in equity Total comprehensive income	(6,990)	(6,990)
Balance at 31 December 2020	546,432	546,432

The notes form part of these financial statements

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Finishes and Interiors Sector Limited is a private company, limited by guarantee, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

The presentation currency of the financial statements is the Pound Sterling (£).

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life

Improvements to property

- 25% reducing balance/25% straight line

Office equipment

- 20% on cost

Computer equipment

- 33.33% on cost

Government grants

Grants are accounted for under the accruals model as permitted by FRS 102. Grants of a revenue nature are recognised in the profit and loss account in the same period as the related expenditure. Government grants relate to the receipt of Coronavirus Job Retention Scheme income which is included within other operating income.

Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to surplus or deficit on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to the profit and loss account in the period to which they relate. In addition, the company also contribute to an employee's personal pension scheme.

Leased assets

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 13 (2019: 14).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

4.	OPERATING (DEFICIT)/SURPLUS				
	The operating deficit (2019 - operati	ng surplus) is stated a	fter charging:		
	Depreciation - owned assets			2020 £ 5,715	2019 £ 4,409
5.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS				
		Improvements to property £	Office equipment £	Computer equipment £	Totals £
	COST At 1 January 2020 Additions	13,236	5,474 -	30,182 7,792	48,892 7,792
	At 31 December 2020	13,236	5,474	37,974	56,684
	DEPRECIATION At 1 January 2020 Charge for year	13,236	3,928 515	24,393 5,200	41,557 5,715
	At 31 December 2020	13,236	4,443	29,593	47,272
	NET BOOK VALUE At 31 December 2020	-	1,031	8,381	9,412
	At 31 December 2019	•	1,546	5,789	7,335
6.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING D	UE WITHIN ONE YEA	.R		
				2020 £	2019 £
	Trade debtors Other debtors			51,239 41,836	330,734 50,919
				93,075	381,653
7.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING	DUE WITHIN ONE YE	-AR		
			\	2020 £	2019 £
	Trade creditors Taxation and social security			9,903	53,546
	Other creditors			8,733 248,630	41,509 216,938
				267,266	311,993

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

8. LEASING AGREEMENTS

Minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases fall du	e as follows:	
tylinintalii loddo paytiloita allaav ilei eessa eessa e	2020	2019
	£	£
Within one year	10,667	16,000
Between one and five years	-	10,667
•		-
	10,667	26,667

9. POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

Since the year end, the economy has continued to be affected by the Covid-19 pandemic. The directors have considered the impact of this to the business after discussion with key stakeholders and are satisfied that at the time of approval of the financial statements the company has sufficient resources to be able to continue trading for the foreseeable future.

DETAILED INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

	202	0	20 ⁻	19
luaa	£	£	£	£
Income	***			
Subscriptions and joining fees	560,587		545,610	
Management fee	12,600		28,000	
Conference	5,824		25,772	
SpecFinish Magazine	57,603		69,876	
Contractors Award Scheme	10,700		38,311	
Presidents Lunch	58,025		54,215	
FISTG funding (projects)	60,176		39,592	
Advisory Service	17,695		17,952	
Special projects	41,499		32,514	
CPD	350		950	
FIS charity day	_		1,820	
FIS Awards Lunch	.		93,389	
Scottish awards	_		35,200	
Fit Out Futures	164,493		483,745	
FOF JRS Claim	27,171		403,740	
Sundry receipts	43,790		2 222	
Deposit account interest			2,360	
Doposk account interest	227	4 000 840	280	
		1,060,740		1,469,586
Expenditure				
Salaries and expenses				
(excl. Fit Out Futures & SDIP)	433,535		367,077	
Pensions	67,085			
Rent, rates, light, heat,	07,000		74,716	
cleaning and insurance	28,660		20.770	
Staff training	716		30,770	
Health insurance			2,254	
Depreciation	2,148		1,987	
Telephone and faxes	5,716		4,409	
	4,960		5,372	
Printing, post and stationery	3,909		6,843	
Travel and subsistence	6,066		27,843	
Premises expenses and repairs	313		169	
Computer costs	10,487		8,192	
Bank charges	458		745	
FISTG costs (projects)	17,578		39,592	_
FIS charity day	· =		2,377	-
Scottish awards	-		27,727	
Special projects	41,350		27,209	
Sundry expenses	2,070		1,285	
CITB Training grant	9,700		1,200	
egal and professional fees	1,791		6,763	
Auditors' remuneration	7,202		7,578	
Fit Out Futures	227,552			
SpecFinish Magazine			433,653	
Advertising and promotion	66,143		75,883	
Publications and subscriptions	32,790		32,664	
-ublications and subscriptions Meeting expenses	29,845		28,707	
· ·	939		3,551	
Contractor Awards	14,915		22,582	
Consultancy	8,033		23,971	
Conference	450		22,722	
Presidents Lunch	36,304		36,953	

DETAILED INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

	202	20	201	9
Advisory Service costs FIS Awards Lunch	£ 11,345	£ 1,072,060	£ 13,560 62,663	£ 1,399,817
EXCESS OF EXPENDITURE OVER INCOME 2019 - INCOME OVER EXPENDITURE		(11,320)		69,769
2010 MOOME OFFICE AND ENDING				

